#### S

**sacred**: to consecrate or be devoted to

sage: a person of great wisdom salutary: restorative, healthful sanction: to support or authorize sanctify: to set apart; to make holy sanguine: possessing a positive attitude

sap: to exhaust, to deplete sapere aude: date to be wise sardonic: bitter or sarcastic

saros: a period of approximately 18 years after which eclipses repeat but are shifted 120 degrees

satiate: to fulfill to or beyond capacity

saturate: to drench or suffuse with liquid or anything that permeates or invades

**saturnine**: from Saturn, the gloomy Roman god of agriculture **savoir faire**: an evident sense of confidence and proficiency

scapegoat: a person considered responsible for a fiasco or mishap who was not in fact totally responsible

for it (cf. Leviticus 16) scathing: violently critical

**schematic**: having to do with a diagram or scheme

**scientific method**: a set of techniques for solving problems involving the construction of preliminary hypotheses, the formulation of explanatory hypotheses, the deduction of consequences from hypotheses, the testing of the consequences deduced, and the application of the theory thus confirmed to further problems

**scientism**: the scientific philosophy that embraces radical materialism and positivism; the proposition that only scientifically measurable parameters are worthy of consideration

scintilla: spark or trace scrutinize: to study closely

**scurvy**: shabby, low

secular: of this temporal world, time or age (to be secular is to be completely time bound, a child of this

age, a creature of history, with no vision of eternity)

sedulous: diligent, industrious

seethe: to boil
sein: being

**self-reference**: a sentence about a situation which reflects back on itself **semantics**: the science of the way meaning is communicated through language

**semper fidelis**: always faithful **semper paratus**: always prepared

sensus divinitatis: awareness (or sense) of God

sentence: a unit of language that expresses a complete thought

sententious: tending to use many clichés or maxims in order to enlighten others

**septuagenarian**: a person in his or her seventies

**Septuagint**: the Greek translation of the Hebrew Scriptures by seventy Jewish scholars in Alexandria,

Egypt (3rd century BC)

**sequi**: to follow

**sequential**: arranged in an order or series **sequester**: to set apart (from outside influence)

serendipity: the quality of coming upon important insights or discoveries by accident

**serpentine**: snakelike **shalom**: peace

Shangri-La: a paradise or utopia; from a fictional land of eternal youth encountered in the James Hilton

novel The Lost Horizon

shibboleth: a special term not widely know that, when used, identifies the user as a member of a group;

the peculiarity of fashion or lifestyle common to a single group

**sic**: so thus, written this way intentionally **sic semper tyrannis**: thus always to tyrants

sic transit hora: so passes the hour

sidereal: relating to the stars of the constellations

signatory: someone who signs an official document or petition along with others

simile: a comparison in speech or writing

similitude: likeness or similarity

simulacrum: a minor, unreal or eerie similarity

sine qua non: without which not (an absolutely indispensable or essential thing)

sinecure: an office or position that requires little or no work; especially one yielding profitable returns

sinuous: winding, circuitous, serpentine

**situation**: a state of affairs, maybe hypothetical, in which premises and conclusions may be true or false **skepticism**: the view that denies the possibility of knowledge or certainty (sometimes limited to certain areas)

skittish: nervous and lacking confidence

smattering: a little bit

snafu: a badly confused or ridiculously muddled situation; total disorder; created in World War II by

soldiers to stand for  $\mathbf{s}(ituation)$   $\mathbf{n}(ormal)$   $\mathbf{a}(ll)$   $\mathbf{f}(ouled$  - euphemistically construed)  $\mathbf{u}(p)$ 

sobriety: clearheadedness
sobriquet: nickname

sociometry: measurable distinctions accountable to social distinctions

sol: the sun (solar)

sola Christus: Christ only

sola fide: faith only sola gratia: grace only

sola Scriptura: Scripture only

solace: consolation

solecism: an act that breaks formal rulessoldier: from solidus - a gold coin

**soli deo gloria**: for the glory of God only

solicitous: openly concerned or worried (about the condition of another)

soliloquy: in drama, a speech given by a character when no one else is present on stage

solipsism: the view that everything other than one's self is a state of one's self; the belief that one's own

perceptions are the only meaningful reality

sophistry: a seemingly convincing argument that is logically flawed by some form of ambiguity

**sophomore**: wise fool

**sordid**: tawdry

sorites paradox: a kind of paradox involving repeated applications of a vague predicate

**sound**: in logic, a deductive argument that is valid and has true premises

**sovereignty**: supreme and absolute ruler, the self-determination and right to exist as an independent entity

**specious**: deceptively plausible or attractive

spinster: a single woman, especially a middle-aged one

splice: to unite by interweaving separate strands or parts

**sporadic**: irregular **spurious**: false, fake

squander: to use up carelessly, to waste

subject: for the grammatically simplest kind of sentence, the part which tells you what the sentence is

about

stalemate: a deadlocked political or military situation; in chess, a position where neither player can make a

legal move

stalwart: firm or purpose; steadfast

**stanch**: to stop the flow **statement**: a proposition

**stereotype**: a commonly accepted notion that presents an oversimplified or inaccurate viewpoint

stigma: a sign of disgrace or low status

stint: to limit, to restrain

stipulation: a condition; an essential point that must be satisfied

**stolid**: impassive, unemotional **sullen**: from solus - alone

**status quo:** the existing state of affairs **stellar**: from stella meaning "star"

stoic: above succumbing to sensations of pain or pleasure; a philosophy that advocates putting aside unjust

thoughts and indulgences and attending first and foremost to the duties of life

strident: harsh

**stringent**: extremely strict

stultify: to render foolish or unable to act intelligently

**stymie**: to stand in the way of or to hinder

subcontrary: one of two propositions that can both be true but cannot both be false

subjective: originating in one's personal observation

subjugate: to cause to become subservient

sublimate: to transfer the force of an unacceptable inclination or impulse to a pursuit considered proper

sublime: grand or lofty

**subordination**: the state of being subservient or treated as less valuable

subpoena: an order of a court, legislation or grand jury that compels a witness to be present at a trial or

hearing

**subservient**: bending to the will of another

subsidization: the state of being financed by a grant from a government or other agency

substance: (1) whatever is real; (2) something's essence; (3) whatever exists in its own right and depends

on nothing else; (4) that which underlies (or has) the properties of a thing

substantiated: verified or supported by evidence

subsume: to encompass or engulf within something larger

subterranean: under the surface of the earth

subvention: a grant of money (by a government or some authority) to aid or support a person or

institution

sully: to besmear or make foulsummarily: quickly and conciselysummum bonum: the supreme good

sumptuous: extravagant

**sundry**: various

supercilious: disdainful or haughty

superficial: on the surface only; without depth or substance

superfluous: unnecessary

superimpose: to place or lay over or above something

superlative: to the highest possible degreesupersede: to displace, to substitute or supplantsupine: prone; laying down with the back to the floor

supposition: assumption, conjecture

surcease: end, cessation

surfeit: excess

surge: a gush; a swelling or sweeping forward

surrealistic: unreal

surreptitious: undertaken in stealth

surrogate: one who acts in the place of another

swastika: well-being

**sycophant**: an ambitious flatterer **sylvan**: from sylva meaning "woods"

syllogism: a form of logical argument that features three propositions and finishes with a conclusion; also

called categorical syllogism

symbiotic: the quality of two dissimilar organisms in the same place in a mutually beneficial relationship

symmetry: the quality of showing complementary forms or aesthetically pleasing proportions

**synergism**: the interaction of elements that when combined produce a total effect that is greater than the sum of the individual elements, contributions, etc.; in theology, the doctrine that the human will cooperates with the Holy Spirit in the work of regeneration

synonym: a word equivalent in meaning to another word

synopsis: a summary

synthesis: a way of thinking that begins with constituent properties (particulars) and proceeds to establish

general conclusions (induction)